## THE TRIBUNE.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1842.

D' We would inform our obliging correspondent M. D that we are under the necessity of declining his offer. The reports of Surgical Cliniques, &c. are not to our taste.

TI FOR REVIEW OF THE MARKETS, AND AN ARTICLE ON Association, see First Page.

IN FOR DEFERRED CITY INTELLIGENCE AND Mr. SAL-TONSTALL'S TARIFF BILL, SEE LAST PAGE.

The National Convention of Delegates friendly to the Protection of Home Industry is progressing harmoniously and rapidly in the discharge of its duties. The number in attendance is quite large-about five hundred-all intimately connected with the Producing Interests of the Country. The several departments of inquiry and interest coming properly before the Convention were vesterday morning referred to appropriate committees, from most of which Reports will be made successively upon the opening of the third day's session this morning at 10 o'clock. Able Speeches in defence of the general principle of Protection were made yesterday by Prof. MAPES, ALVAN STEWART, H. SHAW of Mass and others. The Convention will probably terminate its labors

## The City Expenditures.

Having had some experience in Political warfare, and in opposing the weapons forged at Tammany Hall, we do not often allow ourselves to be surprised by any moderate exhibition of rascality in that quarter; but the following swindle from the Loco-Foco City Address, which we find without a demur in last Evening's Post, did indeed amaze us. The Address asserts that the Whigs spent \$2,364,452 during the last year of their power in the City, while they (Locos) have spent but the moderate sum of \$1.616,624 the past year, making a "Democratic Retrenchment of \$948, 123." Here is a cheat of only \$200,000 in subtracting their own figures, (the same in the New Era:)-but this is only a fleabite. To form this balance in their favor, they have lugged into the account the following items:

	Whig-1838	Toco1841	ü
Street-Paving	\$494,298	\$129,466	
Street-Opening	252,575	84,212	
Markets (in building Centre).	92,300	12,755	
Roads and Avenues	89,671	17,623	ı
Public Reservoir	19,155	5,333	
Total, five items	\$947,999	\$249,389	THE STATE OF

Here is an excess of expenditure in 1333 of no less than \$698,610, (or within \$50,000 of the pretended saving of the Locos) on five items only of Permanent Improvements or additions to the Property of the City, made generally at the expense of the particular localities improved, and under the eye of the Loco-Foco Aldermen of the Twelfth and Sixteenth Wards, in which most of the Improvements are situated. Even the building of Centre Market in 1838 (we believe under a Loco-Foco ordinance and contracts made years before) is pitched in to swell the amount of Whig Expenditure in that year! We appeal to every fair mind to judge whether the concocter of this swindling statement-be he Comptroller or understrapper-ought not to have his ears nailed to a pillory.

CONNECTICUT .- The fellowing are the fullest returns we can compile of the vote for Governor: Counties. 1842. Ellsw. Cleveland. 1841. Ellsw. Nicoll. Hartford,..... 4,584 4,528 5.195 3.860 New-Haven,.... 3,655 3,836 4.520 3.336 Middlesex,.... 1,646 2,203 1,379 1,903 3,241 2,617 New-London,... 1,862 2,028 Fairfield,......3,035 3,168 4,079 3,282 3.996 3.211 Litchfield,.... 1219 1,201 Windham, .... 100 maj. 2,342 1,806 Tolland...... 1.491 1,699 1,734 1,372

Total, ...... 17,492 18,663 26,078 20,458 . There are about 1,100 votes for Gillette, (Abol.) and some less for Loomis, (Conserv.) The ten or twelve towns to come in will not increase the plurality of Cleveland, and cannot give him a majority. The Whig Lieutenant-Governor (Booth) runs better than Ellsworth. We think no part of the Leco State Ticket is elected.

The Locos have about two thirds of the members elected to each branch of the Legislature, though very many towns have yet to shoose Repre-

The Locos have the sheriffs in Middlesex, New-London, and Fairfield counties; in the others we believe there is no choice.

While the election in Connecticut was pending, the Loco Focos fought very shy of the question of Protection. "What is the use of this outery for Protection?" said the New Haven Register, and its allies after it; "the Whigs have a majority in Congress-why don't they fix the tariff as they want it, and stop their noise about it?' [The knavery of this talk about a Whig majority. which includes the Carolina and Georgia members, is ingrain with these fellows. ]-Well, the victory is wen, and now the Evening Post comes out with the vaunt, "We are the more pleased with this result, because the battle has been fought chiefly upon the question of Protection or no Protec-

We like this! Hit the Connecticut boys again, Free Traders! they have no friends!

Mississippi.-We are happy to state that the Repudiation swindlers of the Mississippi Legislature have solemnly resolved, by a party vote, that the Land Distribution Act is immoral, impolitic. and degrading, and that they will have nothing to do with it. Perhaps their creditors will be less

GOV. PORTER of Penn., has directed the Attorney General to institute criminal proceedings against George Handy, in whose favor a nolle prosequi was recently entered. It seems that on his examination letters were produced tending to prove that money had been used to influence the legislation at Harrisburg, and implicating the Executive in some way. The Governor says that he is determined to investigate the affair in the most rigorous manner.

Our friend who asks us to expose the Loco Foco game now playing to secure the election of their ticket in the Tenth Ward, under the stolen mantle of Charity, is informed that the people understand it perfectly. Let them work.

Sundry Loco Focos are hard at work to get up a Tyler meeting at Washington Hall, and nominate a Tyler candidate for Mayor. If they would only vots for him after they had sominated him, we should like it; but that is just what they have no idea of doing.

RT NATHANIEL BOYDEN, of Surry, is the Whig candidate for Member of Congress from the XIIIth District, North Carolina, in place of Hon. LEWIS WILLIAMS, deceased. We do not learn that he has any opponent. Election the 14th inst.

A large body of our citizens tendered to Washington Irving the compliment of a public dinner before his departure for Spain. Mr. I. regrets extremely his inability to accept it. He sails for Europe to-day.

G. H. Swret has been appointed Postmaster at Snow's Store, Madison, Vt.

[Reported for The Tribune.]

Second Day ..... WEDNESDAY, April 6.

L. D. CHAPIN, Secretary. Mr. DRINKER of N. Y. from the Committee appointed for that purpose, reported Rules for the government of the future deliberations of the Concention, which were adopted.

Several additional Delegates were present. Hon. HARMAR DENSY of Pa. from the Committee on Business proper to be submitted to the

envention reported in part as follows: Resolved, That the following Committees be

objects referred to them, viz: 1. On the subject of Agriculture, as affected by the legislation of other countries, and the Proection of American Labor:

Messrs. Denny, R. C. Nicholas, Norton, Rev. J. O. Choules, Spooner of Brooklyn, L. I., S. Carpenter of Mass., R. L. Al-len of N. Y. 2. On Iron and Coal and the Manufactures of

Messrs, S. Oakley, P. Ripley, Hon, Wm. Wilkins, Winslow, Fisher of Va., Murphy, R. P. Hart, J. Gardner, Ryerson of N. J., Kellogg, Dr. Hawe, Dwight of Ct., C. B. Barton of N. Y., Bergen, Trask of Mass., Covert, Burden, B. Ayerigg

3. On Paper and the Manufactures thereof: Messrs. John Campbell, Wm. Eichbaum, J. J. Mapes.

4. On Salt and the Fisheries: Messrs, J. Arnold of Mass., and D. R. Green. 5. On Mineral Productions of the United States other than Iron and the Manufactures hereof:

6. On Wool and Woolen Goods: Messrs, Henry Shaw, Peter H. Schenck, Murphy, Haven, Chittenden, G. M. Tibbetts of Troy, J. L. Rainbone of Albany, J. Pettit of Caynga, S. Beach of Mass., N. O. Kellogg, Kirby, and W. Deforest.

Messrs, Win. A. Crocker, J. P. Simpson, R. P. Hart, Ives

7. On Cotton and Silk Manufactures: Messrs. Shepperd, Gen. A. Godwin, N. B. Craig, A. Hodge, Austin Durham, Alex. Walsh, S. Holbrook, Wn. G. Lambert of N. Y. Wm. Burnes, J. A. Underwood, Gen. Nettleton of Springfield, Mass.

8. On Glass and Earthen Ware: Messrs. Henderson, T. B. Wakeman, Edward Cook, Jo-9. On Ready-made Clothing:

Messrs, A. S. Baker, Caleb Lee of Pa., and Prentiss of R. I. 10. On Leather and Manufactures of Leather: Messrs. Asaph Rice of Mass., Cox of Troy, Geo. C. Davis Mass., Jona. Trotter of N. Y., Joseph Hunt, and Joseph

Mr. Rice was excused, being a farmer, unacquainted with Leather, and obliged to leave to-day. 11. On Flax, Hemp, and the Manufactures hereof:
Messrs, Win. T. Banks, John Travers, T. B. Wakeman.

12. On Sugar and Sugar Refining: Messrs. J. J. Mapes, J. W. Thompson, Del., Gen. A. Char 13. On Bonnets, Hats and the Manufactures of Straw, Palm Leaf, &c.

Messrs. E. Clark, W. A. F. Sproat, of R. I. 14. On Soap and Candles: Mr. W. A. Colgate.

15. On Brushes, Bellows and Combs: Messrs. John G. McMurray, C. C. Haven, [excused] L. Ives of Ct. Platt, H. Cary, Cook and Howard. 16. On Buttons and Pins: Messrs. Edward Cook, N. Y. John J. Cowles, T. Sloc un

17. On Mechanic Arts not enumerated: Messrs, J. Brewster of Ct. C. Andrews of Patterson, N. J. A. Miller of Newark, N. J. Bacon, Holmes, T. B. Stillman, R. M. Hoe, T. R. Fisher, S. Myrick. 18. On the General Interest of Manufactures the Labor of the Country and the necessity of Pro-

tection: Messra H. Greeley, N. Y., S. E. Howard, Vt. Newall, t. I. and H. D. Maxwell, Pa. 19. On the influence which Protection will have

n the General Interests of the Country: Messrs, C. C. Haven, S. Warren, S. E. Howard. 20. To Memorialize Congress, requesting that in modifying the Tariff, a Preamble be adopted,

similar to that of 1789 : Messrs. J. Blunt, A. Chandler, C. Jackson. 21. On the relations of Protection to the Cur-Messrs. Bacon, Wakeman, Sproat, Tibbets, H. Sha

Beach of Conn. 22. On the subject of Jewelry: H. J. Hoyt, H. Edson, McFadden, J. M. Ward, of R. L. J. E. Hyde, 23. On Finance and the Expenses of the Con

Gen. Godwin, W. W. Drinker, M. E. Thompson, A. 24. On Resolutions:

Hou. H. Denny, R. P. Hart, Haven, J. W. Thompson 25. On Duties on Foreign Goods sold at Auction Messrs. Drinker, Hart, Starkweather.

26. On the Sale of Foreign Goods by Auction:
Messrs D. Miller, H. Norton, J. Blunt, and J. C. Stark-

Mr. F. C. TREADWELL moved that the Commit ce on Currency be instructed to inquire into the Production and Consumption of the Precious Metals throughout the world. [Instead of this Mr. T. was added to the Committee on Currency. ] The question being on referring back the Report to the Committee for completion-

Mr. J. BLUNT moved that the several Commites proceed forthwith to discharge the duties acsigned them respectively. At the suggestion of Mr. Mapes, the resolution was so modified as to direct the Committees to proceed to their work directly on the adjournment of the Convention today, so as to report to the Convention to-morrow. G. M. TIBBETTS, of Troy, was chosen Vice

President instead of STEPHEN WARREN, necessarily absent henceforth. Hon. H. DENNY, from the Committee on Reso-

lutions, submitted the following: 1. Resolved, That the depressed state of the Agricultural

Manufacturing and Commercial interests of the whole country calls loudly for the interposition of the General Government, the only power which can constitutionally adopt and carry out measures, now absolutely necessary for the relief 2. Resolved, That the Commercial arrangements and pro

ective legislation of foreign governments, and the stranuous forts by foreigners to obtain the control of the American Market, imperatively demand that the shield of protection chould be thrown over the American Laborer, no matter in what department of industry he may be occupied. what department of industry he may be occupied.

3. Resolved. That in the present embarrassed condition of the National Treasury and the finances of several of the States, prompt and efficient measures by Congress for the adequate protection of the industry of the country, giving to t life, vigor, and renewed activity, will be among the be-

nears of preserving the National Credit and restoring to a cound condition and proper level that of the United States. 4. Resolved, That based as our Government is on the intelligence of the whole commenty, the permanence of our free institutions imperiouly demands that the labor of the country be constantly, steadily, and efficiently protected-bat our laboring classes, on whom the chief responsibility of maintaining them rests, may not be reduced to the de graded and starving condition of the laboring classes throughut the rest of the world.

5. Resolved, That the present condition of our foreign commerce, more than half which is in the hands of foreigners, whose interest it is to take advantage of the revenue as far as they can without detection, requires that such restrictions should be framed as will protect our revenue from frands and our merchants from unfair and dishonest competition. To accomplish which object, Specific Duties wherever practicable offer the surest prospect of success.

6. Resolved, That the principles of the Compromise Act, which enjoin the collection of the revenues in cash by such as are sufficient for an economical administration of the Government are just and ourful not to be abundoned, but nothing

rnment are just and ought not to be abandoned, but nothing in that act which tends to limit ample protection to our do-mestic industry or prevent the encouragement of American Commerce on honest and tair principles, should be consid-Commerce on honest and fair principles, should be considered as deserving a moment's discussion in Congress, but on the contrary should receive immediate reprobation.

7. Resolved. That a ware-housing system for the bonding of Goods on American Account exclusively may be judicious, but a general bonding system giving similar advantages to importers of goods on foreign account would be an evasion of the Cash duty system and an injury to American Commerce and Home Industry.

Referred to Committee on Commerce. . Resolved, That it is hereby recommended to the friends of American Industry throughout the States, the more effec-tually to excourage and protest Home Products and Domes to Manufactures, that individuals as well as families and com-munities.

munities, shhould pledge themselves to the consumption and wear, as far as practicable, of American Goods, and the pro-ducts of their own soil, labor and skill, in preference to those of foreign importation, especially of those countries which refuse us reciprocal Commercial relations. After some desultory discussion by Messrs. J. BLUNT, A. STEWART, SWAN, CROLIUS, SHAW

and others with regard to the proper order of business, during which it was decided that Resolutions eliciting debate proposed by Members should be submitted to the Business Committee and the several Committees were authorized to withdraw and sit during the sessions of the Convention, the Resolutions above cited were declared in order.

Professor J. J. MAPES addressed the Convention. | quality of foreign goods

HOME INDUSTRY CONVENTION. He spoke of the doctrine advanced that a Tariff should be laid merely for Revenue, and showed that no horizontal duty which could be laid would be sufficient to raise a revenue of Twenty Millions. The Convention reassembled at 9 o'clock, Gen. He stated the total amount of Manufactures in the AMES TALLMADGE, President, in the Chair. The | country at \$1,795,000,000. Pennsylvania alone ninutes of yesterday's proceedings were read by has an Iron trade of \$22,000,000, and a very slight change in the duty would protect that wellorganized interest, while any system of horizontal duties would entirely shut it out. We had heard much, he said, of Free Trade-but he had never been able to ascertain its meaning. He went on to examine the effect of a Protective Tariff on consumers, and showed, that by the influence of a duty on the single article of nails they had been reduced in price from 10c. to 5c. per lb. Paper, too, had been reduced one half. At present 261,000,000 lbs. of the raw material were consumed, and of this 150,000,000 were of home proappointed to consider and report on the several duction. If the horizontal duty were laid, this would be entirely lost-and, as our rags cannot be carried to any foreign port, a net amount of \$5,000, 000, which with a duty is saved-would be lost. He spoke also of the influence of Protection on Iron Foundries. At the close of the last war, an iron pot was the highest achievement of American foundries; but he showed that by improvements that had been made upon the casting of iron in this country we were able greatly to excel the English in this branch of industry. He next alluded to the effect of a discriminating

Tariff on Agriculture. The amount of Agricultural productions in this country he stated at \$1,252. 685,233. He stated the amounts experted to six principal ports: and showed that if a horizontal duty should be adopted England would enjoy all this trade, of which we should be thereby deprived. With relation to the Mercantile Interest he said that 282,639 tons of shipping-more than one-fifth of the whole naval force-were employed in this trade. He then passed to some of the arguments used by those opposed to a Protective Tariff. So far as the raw material of paper was concerned he showed that the six cotton-growing States received the protection and not the North. And as much more of this article was consumed at the North than at the South, the North paid by far the most of the duty-the benefit of which. moreover, went to the South. He showed the same fact with regard to Sugar-and upon this article he said they stood to the North with reference to protection as 284 to 11-and this was what they deemed of us. Flint glass, brushes, and other articles were cited as showing the same

He cited the difficulties attending the system of Home Valuation. Its chief objection was that whenever we had a prostration of Mercantile affairs every Importer would say, that that was the time for importation-whereas when the articles were really needed no one would dare to import them. He reminded the Convention that all the papers to be sent to Washington should be comprised of statistics.

Mr. ALVAN STEWART next addressed the Convention, in a series of most eloquent and forcible remarks; as we have full notes of his speech and shall publish them at length as soon as possible, we forbear making an abstract.

The first, second, third and fourth resolutions vere adopted. The fifth resolution was laid on the table.

The sixth resolution was then called up. Mr. Shaw objected to its arraignment of the last great friend of American Industry and to the introduction into this Convention of subjects so foreign and so destructive to the objects it proposes. He cared not what was said elsewhere f them but he protested against their introduction here. He said he should be recream to the principles he had professed for the best half of his life if he suffered here or any where the name of HENRY CLAY to be mentioned as hostile to American Industry or American Interests. (Loud cheers.) Mr. C. C. Hawes said that the drawer of that resolution never once thought of Mr. Clay. He had the very highest respect-he challenged any one to go beyond him in respect for that stanch friend of American Industry. (cheers.) The chairman suggested that the introduction of any name must be considered out of order—as special eulogy entitles to special censure from those who chose-and this was not the purpose of this Convention. (cheers.) Mr. Haven insisted that the intention of the drawer of the resolution should be understood.

The President said that in accordance with what he believed to be the wish of the Convention, he should shut out such reference to individuals here-

Mr. Shaw said he had heard a name dear to him associated with a name he could not respect; and his remarks had been made with reference to that violation of the rule adopted by the Chair. He believed the sixth resolution would be rend, if passed, with pain, by the members in their cooler moments. He objected to the use of the word "reprobation" in it-as applied to those men who had periled every thing in our cause, and justified his objection at some length. He moved that this resolution lay on the table.

Hon. HARMAN DENNY supported the motion. He had the best reason to know that the distinguished man alluded to had been actuated by the best of motives in the introduction of the Compromise Act. Thus much he felt bound to say: more he could not, lest he should violate the rule of the Chair.

The sixth resolution was laid on the table. The eighth was readand its adoption meved.

Mr. REED said he liked the language of this resolution. If he understood the subject at all Protection was but another name for Independence : Some connected it with the idea of Revenue; but he did not so regard it. This was the essential question for which our fathers fought, and he was glad to find it now met so boldly at this Convention When rightly understood Protection would not be hampered with either Revenue, or Distribution or any thing else: the motto would be Protection for the sake of Protection; and Protection for the sake of Independence.

Several gentlemen insisted that this resolution was foreign to the purposes of this Convention and that its pledge would not be observed if adopted.

Mr. ASAPH RICE from Massachusetts said he was glad the resolution had been introduced because it carried him back to the days when, in the spirit of patriotism, he aided his fathers by the adoption and practice of a similar resolution, in securing the liberties of the country. But he hoped it would not pass because he feared it would be violated before the members left the city.

Mr. FISHER explained that the resolution mere embodied a recommendation and not a pledge. After some further deliberation it was laid on the table.

The Business Committee reported the following resolution which was adopted: Resolved, That protection to the labor and capital of this country, and the acquisition of reciprocal benefits from foreign commerce, should be provided for by laws of Con-

cress rather than by treaty stipulations. The Convention then adjourned to Thursday at 10 o'clock, A. M.

In the LEGISLATURE on Tuesday nothing was done worthy of mention. In SENATE the Militia Bill was discussed, and the bill in relation to the Geological Survey passed its third reading-20 to 4. In Assembly, the bill for the more equitable distribution of the Literature Fund passed its third reading-63 to 19.

INDIAN MURDERS .- The Burlington (Iowa) Gazette of the 19th ult., mentions the murder of two traders, named L. W. Babbett and Washing ton Jones, by the Sioux Indians. A third person was wounded, but escaped and brought the intel-

D' It will be seen on reference to an advertisement in another column, that Mr. Jennings corner of Broadway and Barclay street offers for inspection an assortment of Broadcloths and Cassimeres of AMERICAN MANUFACTURE Persons in favor of Home League and American protection may give a practical demonstration of their views, by patronizing Mr. Jennings. The cloths however are really worthy of inspection; they are surpassed but by few English cloths brought to this market, and they are sold and The first resolution was then called up, and made up at from 20 to 25 per cent less cost than the same BY THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

Correspondence of The New-York Tribune.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 5. In SENATE, to-day, Mr. CHOATE, from the Comnittee on the Library, reported adversely on the petition of the widow of the late Hezekiah Niles sking Congress to purchase Niles's Register.

The following bilis were reported: by Mr. Max-WM, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, auhorising the Secretary of the Navy to contract for the building of certain war-steamers; by Mr. PRRSros, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to raise two new regiments and organize a corps of horse artillery-also, to abolish the office of Commissary of Purchases; and by Mr. PRENTISS, from the Committee on Patents, for distributing the Digest of Patents.

The resolution of Mr. ALLEN calling on the Secretary of the Treasury to report as to the operation of the Distribution Act, whether an additional amount of taxes equal to the fund distributed will not have to be levied to carry on the Government. &c. was taken up. Mr. Rives's amendment thereto requiring the

Secretary to report by what means adequate provision to meet the necessary expenses of Government can be made, his plan in detail therefor, &c. was adopted: Ayes 25, Noes 18; and the resolution as amended was adopted. The Loan Bill from the House, (reported without amendment) was taken up, and Mr. Evans

oill, the wants of the Treasury demanding its immediate passage, &c. Mr. WRIGHT obtained the floor and the Senate

made a lucid exposition of the provisions of the

djourned. In the House, on motion of Mr. Calhoun, a solution was adopted, calling on the Secretary War for a statement of all the agents sent to Europe since 1825 to obtain information relative to ordnance and fire-arms, at what cost, &c.

Mr. BLACK made an unsuccessful attempt to susend the rules to offer a resolution for the appointnent of a Select Committee to take into consideration the insufficiency of the defence of the people of Georgia from the Indians, and the outrages committed on them by the United States troops. and the expediency of authorising the Governor of Georgia to employ a military force for their proection to be paid for out of the Treasury of Go-

The Appropriation Bill was again taken up, and he subject of the Branch Mints, the necessity for their abolition, &c., was discussed by Messrs. GILMER, HABERSHAM, M. A. COOPER, and T. Mason. The motion to strike out the appropriation for this object failed.

Several sections were passed without debate. Mr. MEDELL moved to strike out the salary of Braintree, Mass., on Saturday. he Governer of Wiskonsan, and made a severe attack on the character, personal and official, of that officer, (Mr. Doty.) charging him with defalcations and corruption, reading handbills, &c., in

Mr. ADAMS opposed this motion, and held if the harges made were true, there were two Constituional modes of remedy-one impeachment, and the other (which he believed never had been practiced) of an address by both Houses to the President asking his removal.

Mr. C. J. INGERSOLL supported the motion, opposing the idea of sending an Address up to the President for him to disregard if he pleased; and expressing doubt whether officers of Territories are mpeachable.

The motion was rejected after opposition by Mr. Everett. After action on some other items, the Commit-

ee rose at about half-past three for want of a morum, and after twice taking the Yeas and Nays, n the absence of a quorum, on motions of adjournment, the House adjourned. ARGUS.

BLOODY QUARREL .- A bloody affray occurred nt Macon, Ga. on the 30th ult. A dispute arose between a constable named Dukes and an Irishman named Summers. They met in the street armed with guns which they fired. Dukes was seriously, and probably, mortally wounded. A respectable mechanic, named Hebbard, and a man passing by named Sweeney were instantly killed. Two or three others were dangerously wounded. Several persons implicated are in jail.

The steamer Neptune left New Orleans on the 27th ult., with 120 emigrants, for Texas. She had ou board several articles of 'various calibre,' some of the 'surplus produce' of the South, an abundance of Missouri lead, &c. The U. S. sloop of war Ontario was at New

Orleans on the 28th, to convey General Waddy Thompson to Mexico. The Louisiana Legislature adjourned on

the 26th ult. Dates from New-Orleans are to the 28th. Nothing new from Texas had been received.

## MONEY MARKET.

Sales at the Stock	Exchange, April 6.
50 Del & Had 15 days 921	100 do 20 days 49
10 do 924	200 dob new week 491
25 do 15 days 921	300 do b 3 days 494
1 Bank N. Y 99	
10 Bank State N. Y 66	
50 Mohawk b 3 days 454	100 do 3 days 49!
50 do b 3 days 454	
650 Long Island 491	
200 dob next week 491	100 Canton Co b 10 days 18
75 do 3 days 491	35 Illinois Bank 5
Service Control of the Control of th	

SECOND BOARD. 25 Mohawk R. b n week 46 25 do.....b 15 days 46 25 do......5 days 46 75 do......15 days 46 25 do......30 days 451 Commercial and Money Matters.

WEDNESDAY, P. M. With the exception of Long Island, of which about 2,300 shares were sold, the transactions of the Board were light Prices had an improved tendency. Long Island declined Delaware & Hodsen t.

In State Stocks the sales were light, but the market was irm. State Sixes improved } per cent, as did Five and a

11all's.

2,700 NY Water L. '70... 77 2,000 do.....cash 19±
1,000 New-York 5±, '62... 82 3,000 do.....cash 19±
1,000 New York 5±s, '61... 74±
2,000 Indiana Ster. 5s... 18 There is rather more doing in Sterling Exchange for the packet to-morrow. Leading bills sell at 71. We quote 61

71. Francs 5 374. In Domestic Exchange, although there is not much ani nation, the feeling is rather better. 

Philadelphia	1 a	Montgomery	25 a 25
Baltimore	a 1	Tuscaloosa	25 a 7
Virginia	5 a 5	New-Orleans	6 a 7
North Carolina	5 a 5	Nashville	20 a 22
Charleston	1 a 2	Louisville	5 a
Savannah	2 a 2	St. Louis	20 a 25
Augusta	2 a 3		
Mobile	24 a		
The market is not well supplied with Treasury Notes,			

but a large amount is daily expected. \$1,000 Notes sell at 12 a 2, and smaller at 14 a 12 discount. New-York Markets.

ASHES-Small sales Pots at \$6 37; and Pearls at \$5 50. COTTON-For some days past there has been more sctivity in the market; but to-day the sales are not very heavy. The rates for low grades are in favor of the buyer, but fine Cottons are scarce and firm.

FLOUR-Holders generally are not willing to accept \$6 37% for Georgetown, and the price was refused for 1,000 bbls. A sale of 500 bbls. was made at \$6 44. Troy sold vesterday out of store at \$6 37} a \$6 314. Nearly all the 4,000 bbls. New-Orleans sold yesterday has been resold to the trade at \$6 and upwards. We hear of nothing doing in &RAIN-The parcel Virginia Wheat is still unsold. It is said \$1 22 has been refused for it. Sales 2,500 bushels Jersey

Corn, for the East, at 60 cents; and a parcel of North River Corn at the same price. Oats are very dull. TEA-A sale of Tea was had to-day. The prices were rather lower than the last sale, but there was considerable

SALES BY AUCTION. By Minturn & Co. Per ship Delhi. Terms-Notes at aix months, payable in

his city, to be made satisfactory to sellers.

Hyson—20 half chests 70 cents; 20 at 65; 20 at 56; 172

It 48 a 45; Young Hyson—72 chests at 68 a 63 cents; 53 at 48 a 45j. Young Hyson-72 chests at 68 a 63 cents; 53 at 7; 344 half chests at 47 a 45j; 450 do. and 142 chests at 32 a 39; 200 half chest at 27 cents. Gunfowder-14 chests at 40 cents; 20 cases, each 12 2th. cannisters, 70. Imferial-10 cases, 2th cannisters, 69; cents; 10 do. 65; Powchong-200 half chests at 45 cents; 20 16th. boxes 80 cents.

By James Bleecker & Son. The two story brick houses and lot No. 3 Beach-street lot 18 feet 9 inches by 80 feet, sold for \$5,650.

IF A great Tariff meeting was held at the Capitol, Albany, on Monday evening. Hon. Tunis VAN VECHTEN presided, and a series of excellent resolutions was reported by Willis Hall, Esq. and adopted by the meeting.

The Boston Atlas announces the death. within the last two or three days, of Jonathan Hennewell, of Dr. Thaddeus Mason Harris, and of Henry Bass, all well known and estimable citiens of Massachusetts.

We learn with regret that those sweet singers, the RAINERS, are soon to leave us. Their Concert this evening at the Society Library will be among their last. All their most admired pieces will be sung.

TWe refer our readers to the Programme of Concert, by Mr. W. H. OAKLEY, this evening, at the Tabernacle. He has able assistants, and presents an attractive bill.

THON, DANIEL SARGEST, an eminent merhant of Boston, died in that city on Saturday last.

SINGULAR MISFORTUNES .- Some fourteen years since Capt. D. Wilson of Wrentham, Mass. was struck upon the right eve by a hoop pole accidentally thrown by a deaf and dumb brother. He ost his eve A few weeks since a hoop pole was thrown by his son which accidentally struck his left eye. He is therefore now blind.

DROWNED .- A man by the name of Curtis

the pilot-boat Sylph vesterday morning, and was drowned before any assistance could be rendered him, the boat being under full sail, and going at the rate of ten miles an hour. He leaves a wife and child, residing at Shrewsbury. IF Five or six comparatively worthless build-

ings were burnt at Buffalo on the 1st inst. They belonged to the Ohio Life and Trust Company, and were an evesore to the neighborhood. IF The sum of \$150 75 was collected on last

Allen street, for the relief of the sufferers by the great fire in the Tenth ward. Two brothers, named Lines, were drowned by the upsetting of a skiff, in which they were, at

Sabbath in the Methedist Episcopal church, in

CITY INTELLIGENCE. Reported for The New-York Tribune.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The Common Council met at 63 o'clock, and disposed of e following business, viz:
The returns of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Depart-The returns of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department for the months of February and March of resignations and appointments, were received and accepted. The expulsions were referred to the Fire and Water Committee.

Report of the Joint Committee of Fire and Water adverse to expelling J. B. Winant from Engine Company No. 1, and transferring him to No. 28, and of erasing the names of R. M. Vanderhovel, W. H. Small and W. H. Ualsey from Hose Company No. 9, that being under age; adouted.

R. M. Vanderhovel, W. H. Small and W. H. Makey from Hose Company No. 9, they being under age; adopted.

Appointments—Morgan Mooan was appointed Inspector of lime, in the place of R. C. Montgomery, resigned.

Ald. Benson offered a Preamble and Resolutions setting forth that Thomas Lloyd, Collector of the City Revenue, had absconded with upwards of \$50,000 of the public monies—and that he be hereby removed from said office, and his removal as such published in all the papers; adopted. Alderman Benson then nominated Dower D. Williamson (formerly Comptroller) to fill said vacancy—which, on motion of Ald. Innes, was laid on the table.

On motion of Ald. Hatfield, William N. Smith and Harold Dollner were appointed City Weighers; Nicholas Dimond was appointed Inspector of Election of the 2d Dictrict 1st ward, vice John D. Van Buren, resigned. Gardner C. Hiscox in the 1st district, 2d ward, vice Emory Townsend, resigned; M. C. Patterson, 3d district, 3d Ward, vice William Samuel Johnson, resigned; Thomas C. Bertine, 2d district 5d ward, vice James Van Nostrand, resigned; Aaron Butterfield, 2d district 4th ward, vice E. B. Fellows, resigned; Lester Wilson, 3d district, 6th ward, vice A. Florentine, resigned; Henry W. Brown, 1st district, 7th ward, vice Lawer Nost and Clarker Sth. signed; Lester Wilson, an district, on ward, vice A. Force, time, resigned; Henry W. Brown, 1st district 7th ward, vice James Nash, resigned; Samuel Piggot, 6th district 8th ward, vice C. S. Lecraft, resigned; C. E. Martin, 1st district 9th ward, vice H. Spafford, resigned; Elijah Johnson, 2l district 18th ward, vice A. W. White, resigned; M. W. Whitman, 3d district 14th ward, vice John S Glies, resigned; Alexander R Welsh, Daniel Novris and Josiah Howe, 2d district 15th ward, vice Jacob R Lourada, Thos W Tucker and Linus W Stevens, resigned; Charles Turner, 2d dis-trict 16th ward, vice Walter Mead, resigned; Isaac Dayton, 1st district 17th ward, vice James V Rich, resigned. Adj.

IT Almost every one in New-York knows the witty and facetious Tom Bell, the most celebrated and successful auctioneer in New-York, who never fails to elicit "peals of laughter and applause" from his mirth-loving congregations. In one of his recent discourses, he said, "It may appear remarkable that, notwithstanding my arduous duties, with the constant exercise of my voice and lungs, I should retain their use unimpaired. Many of my friends whose countenances, 'blooming and ruddy with health,' were wont to smile upon me in my morning offerings, have been made to suffer from the withering influence of this treacherons climate, when had they used the same precaution as myself might have defied its sirecco-like power. To the glorious properties of Sherman's Lozenzes do I attribute my exemption from the common lot of those whose lungs have suffered during such a season—and had all my friends followed my example, they would have been spared much suffering and IT Almost every one in New-York knows the witty and example, they would have been spared much suffering and distress. I am never without these Lozenges, and feel a pleasure in recommending them." Saying which, he slipped one into his mouth and resumed his duties. He is particular to get Sherman's Lozenges from the warehouse, 106 Nassaustreet, as everybody should be.

IJ Dr. Rogers requests us to say that he has practiced medicine as a physician for thirty years. During this long period of his practice he has made use of various kinds of remedies for colds, hourseness, and that distressing complaint the whooping cough, and he believes with as good success as physicians generally, and after all he finds none as successul as Peace's Horehound Candy, and he recom-siends it to be universally used. Sold at 45 Division-street

and 10 Astor House. SUICIDE—No man will ever commit suicide if he will only correct his despondency with a couple of Peters' Cordial Lozenges; for they possess the faculty of at once dispelling low spirits, and unfurling the wings of hope, until it soars beyond the vexations of the spirit, the cares of the world, and the temptations of the evil one. These Lozenges will also cure a headache in a few minutes; and Dr. Peters has others which cannot be equaled as remedies for coughs, worms, and sea-sickness. Offices 458 Broadway, 150 and 350 Boylery 418 Hullson, 53 Fallon, and 210 Chalannests, and Bowery, 416 Hudson, 53 Fulton, and 210 Chatham-sts., and 50 North sixth street, Philadelphia. Beware of frauds;—there are other Lozenges in the field, but Peters' are the only ones that are equal to the fight.

Try Chapman's Magic Razor Strop, 192 William-st.— 50 cents, 75 cents, \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50 each—warranted to please, or the money returned.

IJ' All who would have a good head of hear, old or young, should buy that really good article, Jones' Oil of Circassia. There is no doubt that it prevents the hair falling aut—makes it grow—cures dramlriff, and gives bright red or grey hair a dark look, and makes it grow durk. It is sold (price low) at the sign of the American Eagle, 82 Chatham street. We advise people to give it one trial.

AMERICAN MUSEUM .- Barnum has got a new feature at this Establishment. It is a Gipsy Girl, whose performances would indicate a knowledge of past and future events which really stagger us, who are not believers in the marvellous. She is a great curiosity. This is positively the last week of Winchell, whose comicalities are unrivalled. Also, the last week of Mrs. Penson, and the charming little dancer, La

To We would refer those of our readers who understand the Daguerreotype business to the advertisement of C. W. Peale, in another column. HYGEINE HOREHOUND CANDY .- There is no mistake in

the curative powers of this new remedy, which, by its own istrinsic value has silently but surely won its way to public confidence. It is now used in the most respectable families n the city and country as an intallible source of relief in all liseases affecting the air passages, such as catarrh, sore throat, loss of voice, whooping cough, and in the early stages of consumption. Apply at 432 Broadway, corner if Howard-street. FAMILY MEDICINES.-The best way and the easiest way

o do any thing, is to do it well-"once well done, is twice lone;" and in nothing is the truth of this maxim more man fested than in curing diseases which the human family are all subject to. The first thing necessary is to know what means to employ to eradicate a disease, and the next. is to be sure that you get the article of the best quality. We advise all our readers, if they want medicines that are really the best and purest, and put up as they ought to be, to call at the wholesale and retail Drug and Chemical store of Da-VID SANDS & Co. 77 East Broadway, corner Market-street. a7 lt\*

I Mr. Bacheler's Lecture Repeated .- I TMr. Bacheler's Lecture Repeated,—in accordance with the wishes of numbers who heard Mr. Bacheler's Lecture on "Matters and Things," on Friday, evening last, he is to deliver it again, (including a number of additional topics,) To-Morrow Evening, (Friday, April 3th,) in the Church corner of Delancey and Christie-streets commencing at half past? Some of the subjects of the Lecture are—Transcendentalism, the Community System, Public Lecturing, Secret Societies, Lying, Living by one's Wits, the Golden Mean, the corrupt and fallen condition of Christiendom, the Prophecies relative to these latter days, and the tendom, the Prophecies relative to these latter days, and the Millenium. Admittance for a gentleman and one lady or more, one shilling; the receipts to be applied to the benefit of the religious Society meeting in that church for public worship.

(2) a7 21

I Mr. S. P. Patterson's Juvenile Concert, previously advertised to have taken place at the M. E. Church, in Second-street, on Monday the 4th inst. was postponed on account of the weather, until Friday evening of the present week at 7½ o'clock.

Tickets of admission may be had at the door of the Church at 12½ cents each.

a6 3tis\*

IJ Public Meeting .- The citizens of New York without distinction of party, are respectfully requested to attend a Meeting to be held at Washington Hotel, Broadvay, on Thursday (Tuts) Evening, April 7, 1842, at 71 o'clk. express their opinions relative to the gross outrage perpe louse of Representatives of the United States, in passing a ote of Censure upon one of its Members for doing that hich each and every Representative of the People may of

Signed by John Duer, Charles King, WM. C. BRYANT.

D' First Ward-The Democratic Whig Elector of FIRST WARD - The Democratic Wing Electors of the First Ward, are requested to meet at Thresher's Broadstreet House, corner of Pearl street, This Evening (Thursteret House, corner of Pearl street, This Evening (Thursteret House, Colored to Pearl Street, This Evening (Thursteret House, and to respond to the nominal Committee, and to respond to the nominal Committee of the Committee of

tion of the Whir Mayoralty Convention, a7 lt W. A. F. PENTZ, Chairman Nom. Com.

or Collector for the Third Ward was acedently omitted in sterday's paper. Resolved, That the proceedings of the meeting be signed and published. JOHN WOOD, Chairman, George Southmann, Secretary. a6

on support our Public' Schools against Sectarian Usurpa-on?—The Democratic Whigs, and all others in favor of staining the present Public School System, and are deter-ined to resist, by every honorable means in their power an officed to resist, by every monorator of the composed upon us, which done to appease the hostility and satisfy the unwarrant-le demands of a sectarian party, who seek to connect relion with politics, and whose religious creed makes every-ning else subscrient thereto, are requested to meet at the tob Roy House, corner of Le Roy and Greenwich-streets, in Monday Evening, April 4th; at the corner of Hudson and on Montay Evening, April 4th; At the context mass and christopher-streets on Wednesday Evening, April 6th, and of the Northern Exchange, 273 Bleecker-street, on Friday Evening, April 5th, to organize for the purpose of carrying out the above prinsiples. Competent speakers are engaged out the above prinsiples. Competent speakers are engaged who will explain the effect that the district system will have it imposed upon us and the inevitable destruction of our public Schools.

[Annes Marshall] Horney St. John.

James Marshall, Horace St. John, Israel Bower, Robert Peterson, James Rider, A. P. Beebe,

Land Club.—A regular meeting of the Ninth Ward Henry Clay Club will be held this evening at the Northern Exchange, 73 Bleecker-street. A punctual attendance of the members of the Club, and of all persons riendly to Henry Clay, is requested W. R. BEEBEE, President.

7th, at 7½ o'clock, to respond to the nonmation of J. Polices Phoenix for Mayor, and also to heat the Report of the Nomi nating Committee of the Ward.

JAMES H. PINCKNEY, Chairman. B. W. BRADFORD, Secretary.

A. CAMERON, Secretary.
The HENRY CLAY CLUB will hold an election on the

Thirteeath Ward Democratic Whigs. The Democracia Whig Electors of the Thirteenth Wardare equested to assemble in the different Districts on Thirselay Evening the 7th instant, at half past 7 o'clock, to organize

ove evening for the ensuing year.

WM C BUTLER, Secretary. D' Thirteenth Ward Democratic Clay

(a6) Le Thirteenth Ward .- PUBLIC MEETING.

WM. C. BUTLER, Secretary.

1.7 Fourteenth Ward—Democratic Whigs to your Posts!—The Democratic Whig Electors of this Ward are requested to meet at the Broadway House on Thursday Evening, April 7, at half past 7 o'clock, to hear the report of the Committee selected to nominate Charter Officers for the Ward, also to respond to the nominations made by the Mayoralty Convention, and to transact such other business as may come before them, having a tendency to promote the success of the Whig Cause, at the ensuing election. By order of the Nominating Committee,

1SAAC S. SMITH, Chairman.

CHAS. K. TAYLOR, Sec'y. Courier and American ylease copy.

tors of the Sixteenth Ward are requested to meet at Hazel-ton's, cor. Sixth Avenue and Seventeenth-street, on Thurs-day evening, April 7, at eight o'clock, to hear the report of the Nominating Committee. By order of the Committee. the Nominating Committee. By order of the Committee R. H. HAYDOCK, Chairman. G. L. ADAMS, M. D., Sec'y.

Dr. New Work.—"The Flower-Basket, a) Tale for Youth, from the German of Schmid"—Just published at 130 Fulton.street, between Nassau and Broadway. This work exhibits a most beautiful picture of Christian life, and cannot fail of interesting every class of readers. The Trade supplied on favorable terms.

al tf

go to Scribner & Co. Great Catharine Boot and Shoes!—If so, ket, 73 Catharine-st, corner of Minnoe, where you can find the largest and best assortment you ever saw, and at price never before equaled. Just try it.

(2) m24 tr T Photographic Likenesses, by an improved

Daguerreotype process, by M. D. VAN LOAN, corner of Chambers-st. and Broadway. (2) ints im

lored, consisting of about 200 designs, among which are a great number of National, Temperance, Moral and Religious subjects. The above are published in a superior style, and for sale by the subscriber, in lots to suit purchasers.

N. CURRIER, 2 Spruce-st. opposite the Sun office.

N. B. New subjects from designs by the first artists will be added to the above assortined every wisek. [(2)] m8 Im

17' A Card .- Mr. WILLIAMS, the English Oculist, s returned, and may be consulted as usual by the Deaf and he Blind, on the 2d floor of 419 Broadway, (which in 1837 called Providence House,) from ten to two o'clock, and here his Remedius Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 may be tained from him, as well also of his grand-son. Thomas obtained from him, as well also of his grand-son, Thomas Williams, now on a visit to the West, or of Doctor Doclittle.

I. Removal .- CLARK & COMPANY have re-

eller a desirable assortment of Spring
eluced prices, viz.

Plain black and blue black Silks
Plain and sath striped black and blue black Ispahan
Black watered Silk, very rich
Light and dark Chene Silks, richest styles
Light col'd styld and check'd summer Silks
Printed Pauls Mousseline de Laines
Plain and satin stro'd do do Frince Fair strpd do do
Flain and satin strpd do do
French printed Jaconets, Lawns and Muslins
Do Calicoes, chinta and plain colors

Do Bombazines
Drab and black ground Cashmere Shawls
Plain and embroidered Thibet do
Rich silk do
Black Velour Ottoman do
Blk and mode col'd Thibet Cloth Do Bombazines

I Gentlemen's Hats.-ALVORD & CO., No. Bowery, offer to the public a fine Fur Hat at Four Dollars, of the Spring pattern, equally light and durable, with more costly qualities, and possessing all the elegance of appearance. Keeping a full assertment of other qualities of Beaver and Moleskin Hats. In the article of fine Nutria Hats at \$4, now offered, they aim to excel. (2) m25 tf

Sefa-Bedstead and furniture and chairs to the amount of one hundred dollars for Dry Goods. All at the lowest cash price. A line addressed to W. Lawrence and left at this office, or at Park-Post Office, will receive immediate autention.

this evening at 7; o'clock, at the Medical College, in Crosby street. Lecture by H. H. Byrne. Question for discussion—"One of the Park its Park. abolished?" The public are invited to attend. TRev. A. Davis will give a Lecture in the Chapei

of the University on Friday evening next, at 7: o'clock, 'On the Ruins of Central America, and on the Discovery of the Northmen 500 years before Columbus.' Single Ticket' 50 cents—Family of 3, \$1 00: to be had at the door. a7 2's

ad several hundred other citizens.]

Third Ward.—DEMORATIC WHIG NOM.
INATIONS.—At a large and highly respectable Meeting of
the Democratic Whigs of the Third Ward, held at No. 215
Greenwich-street, on Tuesday evening, 5th instant, the fol-

enwich-street, on Tuesday evening, 5th instant, the foling Ticket for Charter Officers was presented and unsuisly adopted:

For Alderman—JOHN A. UNDERWOOD.

Assistant—GEORGE W. CONCKLIN.

Assessors—HUGH MARTIN.

BRADLEY MEAD.

Constables—TORIAS BOUDINOT,

VARNUM S. MILLS.

IT Correction .- The name of CORNELIUS ALLISON.

LT Eighth Ward—WHIGS OF THE OLD EIGHTH—We can if we will."—The Democratic Whigs of the Eighth Ward are requested to meet at the Tivoli, late Richmond Hill House) on Thursday Evening, April 7, nt half past 7 o'clock to respond to the nomination of May-or, and to make the necessary arrangements for the ensuing election. JOSEPH N. BARNES, Chairman.

HENRY D. MOORE.
A. H. STOUTENBURGH, Secretaries

D' Ninth Ward .- Electors of the Ninth Ward will Lloyd, of Shrewsbury, N. J., fell from the stern of

a4 5t

ALBERT GILBERT, Rec. Sec'y. Trenth Ward.—The Democratic Whig Electors of the Tenth Ward, and all others in favor of practical resorm in our City Government, are requested to meet at Columbian Hall, 293 Grand street, on Thursday evening, April 7th, at 7½ o'clock, to respond to the nonlination of J. Phillips

D. Eleventh Ward.—The Democratic Whig Elec-ors of the Eleventh Ward are requested to attend a meeting in Thursday Eveniur, April 7, 1842, at No. 23 Avenue D, it 7½ o'clock, to hear the report of the Nominating Commit-ted for Charter Officers to be supported at the ensuing elec-tion. Also to respond to the nomination of Mayor. By order of Ward Committee. P. SNEDICOR, Chairman.

Onderdonk's, Second and Third at No 5 Sheroffst, Fourth District at the coming Election—First District at Asa Onderdonk's, Second and Third at No 5 Sheroffst, Fourth District at the corner of Delancy and Lewis streets.

By order of the Ward Committee.

JAMES A. BROWN, Chairman.

Cinb.—The regular monthly meeting of the Club will be held this (Thursday) evening, April 7, at the Tippecano-House, No. 5 Sheriff-street, at 8 o'clock. The members of the Club, those desirous of attaching themselves to it, and all the friends of Henry Clay in the Ward are invited to attend.

(a6) REUBEN E. MOSS, Pres't.

The Democratic Whig Electors of the "Ward are requested to assemble at the continuous co

L' Sixteenth Ward .- The Democratic Whig Elec-

IF Stranger, Do you want Boots and Shoes!-If so,

IF Lithographic Prints-100,000 splendidly co-

Il Home League. The undersigned offers for the inspection of the members of the Convention, Broadcloths and Cassimares of Domestic manufacture, which he will make up to order at short notice.

WM. T. JENNINGS, Draper and Tailor, a6 3t (2) 229 Broadway, American Hotel.

his daily accredited agent for this State at 245 Centre-street. Mr. W.'s Nos. 6, 7 and 8 are for the cure of Blindness only, which may be obtained by the afflicted, as well as his Remedies for the cure of Deatness, by persons residing in any part of the Union, by giving reference, post paid, in New-York, for the payment of his usual fees.—Dated 2d April, 1242

moved their stock of Goods from No. 224 to 245 Broad-way, first door below Murray street, where they now offer a desirable assortment of Spring Goods at the present

Mourning Mo de Laines French Mourning Prints

Plain, beinstitch and reveire Linen Cambric Hdkfs Eng silk Hosiery Ladies Cravats, Gloves, Sun Shades, &c. &c.

L' Franklin Lyceum.-The Lyceum will meet